Year A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Weekly Session	Block Unit	Weekly Session	Block unit	Block Unit	Weekly Session
Dinghy - YR	F1 GOD/ CREATION	F2 INCARNATION	F4 Being special:	F3 SALVATION:	F5 Which places	F6 Which stories
	Why is the word	Why is Christmas	Where do we	Why is Easter	are special and	are special and
	'God' so important	special for	belong?	special to	why?	why?
	to Christians?	Christians?		Christians?		
Skiff - Y1/2	1.2 CREATION: Who	1.3 INCARNATION	1.10 What does it	1.5 SALVATION:	1.6 Who is	1.6 Who is
	do Christians say	Why does	mean to belong	Why does Easter	Muslim and how	Muslim and how
	Made the World?	Christmas matter	to a faith	matter to	do they live?	do they live?
	Harvest	to Christians?	community?	Christians?	(PART 1)	(PART 2)
Lugger – Y3/4	L2.1 CREATION &	L2.3INCARNATION	L2.8 What does it	L2.5 SALVATION:	L2.9 How do	L2.11 How and
	FALL What do	What is the trinity	mean to be a	Why do	festivals and	why do people
	Christians learn from	and why is it	Hindu in Britain	Christians call the	worship show	mark the
	the creation story?	important to	today?	day Jesus died	what matters to	significant events
		Christians?		'Good Friday'?	a Muslim?	of life?
Schooner – Y5/6	U2.2CREATION/FALL:	U2.3	U2.7 Why do	U2.5 SALVATION	U2.8 What does	U2.11 Why do
	Creation & Science –	INCARNATION	Hindus try to be	What do	it mean to be a	some people
	Conflict or	Why do Christians	good?	Christians believe	Muslim in Britain	believe in God
	Complimentary?	believe Jesus was		Jesus did to	today?	and some not?
		the Messiah?		'save' people?		
						U2.12 How does
						faith help people
						when life gets
						hard?
KEY	Understanding	JUDAISM	HINDUISM	ISLAM	Other religions and non-religious	
	CHRISTIANITY				world views.	

YEAR B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Weekly Session	Block Unit	Weekly Session	Block unit	Block Unit	Weekly Session
Dinghy - YR	F1 GOD/ CREATION:	F2 INCARNATION	F4 Being special:	F3 SALVATION:	F5 Which places	F6 Which stories
	Why is the word	Why is Christmas	Where do we	Why is Easter	are special and	are special and
	'God' so important	special for	belong?	special to	why?	why?
	to Christians?	Christians?		Christians?		
Skiff - Y1/2	1.1 GOD What do	1.4 GOSPEL	1.8 What makes	1.9 How should	1.7 Who is	1.7 Who is
	Christians believe		some places	we care for	Jewish and how	Jewish and how
	God is like?	What is the 'good	sacred to	others and for	do they live?	do they live?
		news' Christians	believers?	the world, and	(Part 1)	(Part 2)
		believe Jesus		why does it		
		brings?		matter?		
Lugger – Y3/4	L2.2 PEOPLE OF GOD	L2.4 GOSPEL	L2.7 What do	L2.6 KINGDOM	L2.10 How do	L2.12 How and
	What is it like for	What kind of	Hindu's believe	OF GOD For	festivals and	Why do people
	someone to follow	World did Jesus	God is like?	Christians, what	family life show	try to make the
	God?	want?		was the impact	what matters to	world a better
				of Pentecost?	Jewish people?	place?
Schooner – Y5/6	U2.1 GOD What	U2.4 GOSPEL How	PEOPLE OF GOD	U2.6 KINGDOM	U2.9 Why is the	U2.10 What
	does it mean if God	do Christians	How can	OF GOD What	Torah so	matters most to
	is holy and loving?	decide how to	following God	Kind of King was	important to	Humanists and
		live? (What would	bring freedom	Jesus?	Jewish people?	Christians?
		Jesus do?)	and Justice?			
KEY	Understanding	JUDAISM	HINDUISM	ISLAM	Other religions and	d non-religious
	CHRISTIANITY				world views.	

EYFS Mousehole Mice						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Question	People who help us	Light and dark	Celebrations	Baby animals	Growth and Nutrition	On the beach
Understanding the World		Explore the Hindu festival Diwali Learn about the meaning of Christmas	Learn about Chinese culture	Learn about the meaning of Easter	Explore Christian celebrations, including weddings and baptisms	

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme	Special me, special peop	ble, special times.	Our world and other pla	ces.	Come	outside
RE Unit	F1 GOD/CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	F2 INCARNATION: Why is Christmas special for Christians?	F4 Being Special: where do we belong?	F3 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians?	F5 Which places are special and why?	F6 Which stories are special and why?
Vocabulary	Adam Bible Christians creation Eve God Jesus parable precious	incarnation Jesus Christmas Mary Joseph shepherds angel star magi/wise men	Muslims Hindus Christians Jesus baptism Raksha Badhan welcome love special	Jesus God salvation Easter Hosanna palm Good Friday donkey Sunday	Christians pilgrimage Muslims holy church Bible mosque Imam Qur'an	Christians Bible Muslims Torah believer text stories Jews Qur'an

		manger	Rakhi	disciples	vicar	special
Critical	Children understand	Children understand	Re-tell religious	Children re-tell the	Begin to recognise that	Talk about some
knowledge,	that Christians believe	that Christians believe	stories.	story of Easter.	for Christians, Muslims	religious stories.
skills and	that God created the	that Jesus was a special	Making connections	Children understand	or Jews, these special	Recognise some
understanding	Earth.	baby because he came	with personal	why a palm cross is	things link to beliefs	religious words, e.g.
Make sense of	Children understand	from God.	experiences.	special to Christians.	about God.	about God identify a
belief Understand	that the word God is	Children understand	Share and record	Pupils understand that	Recognise that some	sacred text e.g. Bible,
the impact	important to Christians	that Christians say	occasions when	for Christians, Easter is	religious people have	Torah.
Make	and should not be used	Jesus was.	things have	the most important	places which have	Talk about some of the
connections	with a negative	God come to be with	happened in their	festival of the year.	special meaning for	things these stories
	connotation.	us on earth as the	lives that made them		them.	teach believers.
	Pupils understand that	friend and rescuer of	feel special.		Talk about the things	Identify some of their
	the earth, and	human beings.	Talk about somewhere		that are special and	own feelings in the
	everything on it, needs	Pupils understand that	that is special to		valued in a place of	stories they hear.
	to be cared for	the nativity story	themselves, saying		worship.	
		comes from the bible	why.		Talk about somewhere	
		and will connect with a	Get to know and use		that is special to	
		different perspective	appropriate words to		themselves, saying	
		from what they might	talk about their		why. Get to know and	
		learn at home	thoughts and feelings		use appropriate words	
			when visiting a church		to talk about their	
			(or other place of		thoughts and feelings	
			worship).		when visiting a church	
			Express a personal		(or other place of	
			response to the		worship).	
			natural world.		Express a personal	
					response to the natural	
					world.	

Year A						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Question						
RE Unit	1.2 CREATION: Who do Christians say made the world?	1.3 INCARNATION: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	1.10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community?	1.5 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians?	1.6 Who is Muslim and how do they live?	1.6 Who is Muslim and how do they live?
Builds On	Reception – Autumn 1 GOD/CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Reception – Autumn 2 INCARNATION: Why is Christmas Special for Christians?	Reception – Summer 2 Which stories are special and why?	Reception – Spring 2 SALVATION: Why is Easter special to Christians?	New religion	Summer 1 Who is Muslim and how do they live?
Lesson Sequence	 How might Christians describe the creator of the world? What do Christians believe happened on each day of the creation? What do Christians believe about looking after the world? What might Christians want to say thank you for in the world? When do Christians say thank you to God for what he has made and given them? 	 Who was Jesus? What happened in the story of the birth of Jesus? Was Jesus born where people would have expected? Why is waiting and preparing for Christmas important to many Christians? What do some people like to say thank you for at Christmas? How do people use the story of the nativity to 	 What does it mean to belong to a community? How do Christians and Muslims show that they belong? How do Christians, Muslims and Jewish people show that they belong? What do worldviews say about how valuable people are? How do Muslims and Christians welcome a new baby? 	 What are the main events of the Bible story of Holy week and Easter? What are the six biggest moments in the story of Easter? How do Christians feel about the main events of the Bible stories of Holy week and Easter? Why do Christians say 'Good Friday' for the day Jesus died? What impact does the Easter story have on many Christians? 	 What do people think about God? What do Muslims think about God? What do some of the Muslim 99 Beautiful Names for God mean? What does the Shahadah say about Muslim beliefs? Who was the Prophet Muhammad and why is he important to Muslims? What do Muslims believe 	 Who was the Prophet Muhammad and why is he important to Muslims? What difference does worshipping God make to Muslims? What difference does worshipping

	 5. Why do churches have stained glass windows of the creation? 6. Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? Show what you know 	guide their beliefs at Christmas? Show what you know	6. How do people show that they belong to each other? Show what you know	6. Why does Easter matter to Christians? Show what you know	 the Prophet Muhammad was like? 5. Why is the Prophet Muhammad so important to Muslims? 6. What do Muslims do because they love to treat the Quran with Respect? Show what you know 	God make to Muslims? 6. Who is Muslim and how do they live? Show what you know
Vocabulary	belief believe Bible Creation Genesis God Harvest praise world thank	incarnation Jesus Mary Joseph shepherds Advent secular religious birth celebration	community Muhammad Shabbat Allah Ichthus faith baptism Agigah parable wedding	God salvation saviour resurrection eternal Life secular Easter worship religious Good Friday	Hajj Islam Muslims Prophet Ramadan Salah Sawm Shahadah Tawhid Zakat	Muslim Shahadah Zakat Haij Islam prophet Salah Sawm Ramadan Allah
Possible Composite	Children design and create stained-glass windows for a new church to show each of the days of creation.	Children draw or write what they are thankful for and make into a class paperchain.	Children write and draw what they think a Muslim, or a Christian might keep to remember their baby being welcomed into the faith community.	Children sort images linked to Easter into those which are secular, and which are religious. They can explain that many Christians give each other Easter Eggs on Easter day as these are a symbol of new life	Children work as a pair to devise a simple one- page guide for treating the Qur'an, which could be shared with children in Year 1.	On coin template, children write and draw a picture of what might be given at Zakat. Have a tree template and stick the children's coins onto the branches.

				and that, for Christians, Jesus gives them new life when he dies for their sins.		
Critical Knowledge and Understanding Make sense of belief Understand the impact Make connections	Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2:3 simply Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world Give at least one example of what Christians do to say 'thank you' to God for Creation Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the Jewish/Christian Creation story and the world they live in.	Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians. Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the Nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas. Think, talk and ask questions about Christmas for people who are Christians and for people who are not. Decide what they personally have to be thankful for, giving a reason for their ideas.	Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities. Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people. Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non- religious). Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities,	Identify what a parable is Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving (e.g. by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others) Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God) Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for	Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah and give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them. Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan).	Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah and give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them. Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan).

			responding sensitively to differences Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.	themselves, exploring different ideas Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action. Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too.	Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action. Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too.
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Year B						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Question						
RE Unit	1.1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like?	1.4 GOSPEL: What is the good news Christians believe Jesus brings?	1.8 What makes some places special to believers?	1.9 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter?	1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live?	1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live?
Builds On	Reception – Autumn 1 GOD/CREATION: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? (Unit 1)	Reception – Autumn 2 INCARNATION: Why is Christmas Special for Christians?	Reception – Summer 1 What places are special and why? (Unit 5)	Reception – Spring 1 Being Special: where do we belong? (Unit 3)	New learning	Previous unit Who is Jewish and how do they live?
Lesson Sequence	 What is a parable and who do Christians believe told parables? What were the main events in the story of the Lost or Prodigal Son? What does the parable of the Lost Son teach Christians about God? What are some of the different prayer types used by Christians? What does the story of Jonah tell 	 What can we say about peace as part of the good news Christians believe Jesus brings? How can we show the good news that Christians believe Jesus brings? What do Christians believe Jesus showed them about how to pray? What are the important parts of 	 Which places are special to me? Where is a sacred place for a believer to go? Which place of worship is sacred for Christians? Which place of worship is sacred for Jewish people? What happens during worship at a church and a synagogue? Which place of worship is sacred for Muslims? 	 What do Christian, Jewish and non- religious people believe about caring for people? What do Christian, Jewish and non- religious people believe about caring for people? What do Jewish people believe about caring for people? What do Jewish people believe about caring for people? 	 What is precious to Jewish people? What does a mezuzah remind Jewish people about? How and why do Jewish people celebrate Shabbat? How and why do Jewish people celebrate Shabbat? What stories do Jewish 	 What special objects might we find in a Jewish home? What is inside a mezuzah and what does it mean? Why do Jewish people put mezuzot on the doorposts of their houses? What stories do Jewish people tell from the Jewish bible?

	 Christians about what God is like? 5. What might Christians say to God when they feel worried, happy or sad? 6. Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? Show what you know 	 prayer for many Christians? 5. What is the good news that Christians believe Jesus brings? 6. What do we know about the good news that Christians believe Jesus brings? Show what you know 	6. How are places of worship similar and different? Why are places of worship important to our community? Show what you know	 5. What do Christians and Jewish people believe about the beginning of the world and how do they think people should treat the world? 6. How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter? Show what you know 	people tell from the Torah? 6. What is the festival of Chanukah? What was the miracle that happened in the temple in the story? Show what you know	5. Show what I know about the Jewish faith.
Vocabulary	forgiving prodigal worship Nineveh loving Father parable Jonah God holy	Christians Jesus Matthew fishermen disciples tax collector peace forgiveness apostles prayer	Worship place of workshop Jewish holy Christian Muslim community Mosque sacred church synagogue Shabbat	community world psalm stewardship love Genesis religious nonreligious Christian Jews	synagogue Torah Jewish Mezuzah Shabbat Shema God Chanukah dreidel Star of David	Judaism, Jew mezuzah, mezuzot challah bread seder plate matzah cover kippah chanukiah tefillin menorah
Possible Composite	Play pupils a praise song that might be used in church with lyrics that	Inside a cross, draw and write all the different bits of good news that Christians	In a table, create a table to show what they know about a	Children write a world changing thing on a speech bubble and illustrate it. These should	In a candle/flame outline, children write one thing that they think would be	

	focus on how God is there through both difficult and good times. Explain that within this song the person singing is talking about the hard times and good times and how God is always there for them. Children make links to when this happened in the stories that they have learnt about within this topic.	believe Jesus brings to his followers.	church, mosque and synagogue.	link with stewardship or mending of the world and the instructions that Adam and Eve were given in Genesis.	important for Jewish people at Chanukah.	
Critical	Identify what a parable	Tell stories from the	Recognise that there	Identify a story or text	Recognise the words of	See previous unit
Knowledge	is Tall the sterry of the	Bible and recognise a	are special places	that says something	the Shema as a Jewish	
and	Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible	link with the concept of	where people go to	about each person being	prayer Retell simply some stories used in	
Understanding		'Gospel' or 'good news'.	worship, and talk about	unique and valuable.		
Make sense of belief	simply and recognise a link with the Christian		what people do there	Give an example of a key	Jewish celebrations	
Understand	idea of God as a	Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible	Identify at least three objects used in worship	belief some people find in one of these stories	(e.g. Chanukah) Give examples of how	
the impact	forgiving Father	texts (such as the story	in two religions and	(e.g. that God loves all	the stories used in	
Make	Give clear, simple	of Matthew the tax	give a simple account	people)	celebrations (e.g.	
connections	accounts of what the	collector) mean to	of how they are used	Give a clear, simple	Shabbat, Chanukah)	
	story means to	Christians.	and something	account of what Genesis	remind Jews about	
	Christians	Recognise that Jesus	Identify a belief about	1 tells Christians and	what God is like	
	Give at least two	gives instructions to	worship and a belief	Jews about the natural	Give examples of how	
	examples of a way in	people about how to	about God, connecting	world.	Jewish people	
	which Christians show	behave.	these beliefs simply to	Give an example of how	celebrate special times	
	their belief in God as	Give at least two	a place of worship	people show that they	(e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot,	
	loving and forgiving	examples of ways in	Give examples of	care for others (e.g. by	Chanukah)	
	(e.g. by saying sorry, by	which Christians follow	stories, objects,	giving to charity), making		

seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others) Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God) Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace and bringing good news to the friendless. Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession). Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn about how to live, giving a good reason for their ideas.	symbols and actions used in churches, mosques and/or synagogues which show what people believe Give simple examples of how people worship at a church, mosque or synagogue Talk about why some people like to belong to a sacred building or a community Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a church, synagogue or mosque, saying what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas Talk about what makes some places special to people, and what the	a link to one of the stories Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world. Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.	Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat) Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too.	
	0	Talk about what makes some places special to		remembering have something to say to	

Lower KS2 Year	A					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Question						
RE Unit	L2.1 CREATION/ FALL: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	L2.3 INCARNATION/ GOD: What is the 'trinity' and why is it important for Christians?	L2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	L2.5 SALVATION: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?	L2.9 How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?	L2.11 How and why do people mark significant events of life?
Builds On	KS1 CREATION: Who do Christians say made the world?	KS1 GOD: What do Christians believe God is Like?	New learning/ KS1 What do Hindus believe God is like?	KS1 SALVATION: Why does Easter matter to Christians?	KS1 Who is Muslim and how do they live?	KS1 What makes some places special to believers?
Lesson Sequence	 Where does Creation belong in the 'Big Story' of the Bible? What kind of world do Christians believe in? What do we mean by good? How have Christians interpreted looking after the world? How do different Christians think about and look after the environment? What do Christians mean by 'The Fall'? 	 What is the Trinity? What happens in the biblical story of the baptism of Jesus? How is the Trinity shown in the biblical story of the baptism of Jesus? Why is the biblical story of the baptism of Jesus important 	 What is Hindu Dharma? How and why do many Hindus perform Puja? What is dharma? What can we learn from the story of King Yudhishtira? What does the Ramayana tell Hindus about dharma? How and why do many Hindus celebrate Diwali? 	 What can you remember about Holy Week? How might Mary have felt as she watched the trial of Jesus? Why do you think she felt like that? Why do Christians call the day when their saviour died Good Friday? 	9. Why does prayer matter to Muslims?	 How and why do people mark the significant events in life? What is the significance of baptism for Christians? What happens and what does it mean? How do many Jewish people mark

	 between infant baptism and believer's baptism? 5. What might affect a Christian's decisions about baptism? 1. What is the Trinity and why is it important for Christians? Show what you know 		important part of the story? 6. Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'? Show what you know		6. Why do people choose to get married? What do wedding ceremonies show us about commitment, love, promises?Show what you know
Big Story Catholic church creation Fall genesis responsibility sin steward	Trinity Holy spirit Messiah John the Baptist believer's baptism Father Jesus scripture infant baptism denomination	Hindu Puja Ramayana shrine Rama dharma deity mandir Diwali Sita	salvation Jerusalem resurrection forgiveness crucifixion Palm Sunday disciples sin Easter	prophet Muhammad Allah fasting Tawhid Quran Salah Ramadan Sawm Eid	significant journey baptism commitment marriage bar mitzvah bat mitzvah ceremony wedding sacred thread

Possible Composite	Children use list of Bible stories produced in Lesson 1 and the 7 parts of the 'Big Story'. They identify which part of the 'Big Story' each of the stories on their list fit into.	Children sort quotes to set criteria and chose believer's or infant baptism.	Children create a funding bid for a Hindu community living in a town in modern Britain. This is for a Diwali celebration and the bid that shows the local council what will happen and why.	Children create a simple image to share the moment that they think is the most important in the story of Easter. Write a paragraph to describe what they have drawn and why.	Share the book Golden Domes and Silver Lanterns by Hena Khan Focusing on the celebration of Eid, children create a list of anything they know about this festival or have found out from the book.	Compare similarities and differences in Christina and Hindu weddings.
Critical Knowledge and Understanding Make sense of belief Understand the impact Make connections	Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'. Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation. Recognise that the story of 'the Fall' in Genesis 3 gives an explanation of why things go wrong in the world. Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator (e.g. follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the Earth – some specific ways). Describe how and why Christians might pray to God,	Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus. Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'. Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus' actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian. Give examples of how Christians try to show love for all,	Identify the terms dharma, Sanatan Dharma and Hinduism and say what they mean. Make links between Hindu practices and the idea that Hinduism is a whole 'way of life' (dharma). Describe how Hindus show their faith within their families in Britain today (e.g. home puja). Describe how Hindus show their faith within their faith within their faith within their faith show their faith within their faith	Recognise the word 'Salvation', and that Christians believe Jesus came to 'save' or 'rescue' people, e.g. by showing them how to live. Offer informed suggestions about what the events of Holy Week mean to Christians. Give examples of what Christians say about the importance of the events of Holy Week. Make simple links between the Gospel accounts and how	Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1. Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshiping; how Muslims submit to God) Give examples of ibadah (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating) and describe what they involve. Make links between Muslim beliefs about God and a range of ways in which Muslims	Identify some beliefs about love, commitment and promises in two religious traditions and describe what they mean. Offer informed suggestions about the meaning and importance of ceremonies of commitment for religious and non- religious people today. Describe what happens in ceremonies of commitment (e.g. baptism, sacred thread, marriage) and say what these rituals mean.

say sorry and ask for	Christian leaders try	mandir; in festivals	Easter events in their	worship (e.g. in prayer	Make simple links
forgiveness.	to follow Jesus'	such as Diwali).	communities.	and fasting, as a	between beliefs about
Ask questions and suggest	teaching in different	Identify some	Describe how	family and as a	love and commitment
answers about what might be	ways.	different ways in	Christians show their	community, at home	and how people in at
important in the Creation	Make links between	which Hindus show	beliefs about Jesus in	and in the mosque).	least two religious
story for Christians and for	the importance	their faith (e.g.	worship in different	Raise questions and	traditions live (e.g.
non- Christians living today.	of love in the	between different	ways.	suggest answers about	through celebrating
	Bible stories	communities in	Raise thoughtful	the value of	forgiveness, salvation
	studied and life	Britain, or between	questions and	submission and self-	and freedom at
	in the world	Britain and parts of	suggest some	control to Muslims,	festivals).
	today, giving a	India).	answers about why	and whether there are	Identify some
	good reason for	Raise questions and	Christians call the	benefits for people	differences in how
	their ideas.	suggest answers	day Jesus died 'Good	who are not Muslims.	people celebrate
		about what is good	Friday', giving good	Make links between	commitment (e.g.
		about being a Hindu	reasons for their	the Muslim idea of	different practices of
		in Britain today, and	suggestions.	living in harmony with	marriage, or Christian
		whether taking part		the Creator and the	baptism).
		in family and		need for all people to	Raise questions and
		community rituals is a		live in harmony with	suggest answers about
		good thing for		each other in the	whether it is good for
		individuals and		world today, giving	everyone to see life as a
		society, giving good		good reasons for their	journey, and to mark the
		reasons for their		ideas.	milestones.
		ideas.			Make links between
					ideas of love,
					commitment and
					promises in religious and
					non-religious
					ceremonies.
					Give good reasons why
					they think ceremonies of
					commitment are or are
					not valuable today.

Lower KS2 Year	Lower KS2 Year B							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Topic Question								
RE Unit	L2.2 PEOPLE OF GOD: What is it like for someone to follow God?	L2.4 GOSPEL: What kind of world did Jesus want?	L2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?	L2.6 KINGDOM OF GOD: When Jesus left what was the impact of Pentecost?	L2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?	L2.12 How and why do people try to make the world a better place?		
Builds On	KS1 GOSPEL: What is the good news Christians believe Jesus brings?	KS1 GOSPEL: What is the good news Christians believe Jesus brings?	New religion/LKS2 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	KINGDOM OF GOD – New Learning	KS1 Who is Jewish and how do they live?	KS1 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter?		
Lesson Sequence	 Which information about Bible stories can we get from different types of texts? What can we say about Noah from reading the biblical story? What is the link between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant? What are the links between the story of Noah and how many Christian people live? 	 Why did Jesus want his followers to tell others about him? How do you think they felt when they were asked to be 'fishers of men'? What is evangelist? How is a vicar like a fisher of men? What can Christians learn from the story of Jesus and the leper? What is Jesus trying to teach his followers about how to act through 	 Hindus describe ultimate reality? How might the idea of Brahman being in everything affect how you live? What can we find out about some Hindu deities? How do many 		 What do different Jewish people celebrate at Rosh Hashanah? What happens at Yom Kippur? What is the story of Passover? Why do many Jews 	 How and why do people try to make the world a better place? What is wrong with the world? How can the 'Golden Rule' help people to work out how to make the world a better place? Tikkun Olam, repairing the world: how do Jewish people try to make the world a better place? 		

	 Did Abram show he trusted in God? Is it always easy for Christians to try to follow God? Show what you know 	the parable of the Good Samaritan? 6. What kind of world did Jesus want? Show what you know.	Show what you know lesson	 Holy Spirit enables them to do? 5. What is the trinity? What would the world be like if everything in the Lord's Prayer came to be? 6. When Jesus left what was the impact of Pentecost? Show what you know 		 Who is inspired by Jesus' example of sacrifice? How do Muslims try to make the world a better place? How do non- religious people try to make the world a better place? Show what you know
Vocabulary	prophets Abram Noah wedding Old Testament pilgrimage Muslims holy church promise Abraham covenant righteous Christians	Jesus disciples follower clergy Galilee vicar parable Samaritan Gospel evangelist	atman aum Brahma Brahman deity Hindu Lakshmi namaste Shiva Vishnu	Pentecost Holy Spirit disciples Lord's prayer baptised tongues acts trinity apostles	freedom Torah Yom Kippur Orthodox Pesach Shabbat Rosh Hashanah Shema Progressive forgiveness	Tikkun Olam Jewish Christian Muslim Zakat stewardship steward salvation Humanist golden rule
Possible Composite	On an artist's interpretation of the moment God tells Abram to leave everything and go to a	Read Luke and children draw a picture of the part of the story that they feel is most significant for teaching	Children read labels explaining the symbolism and match them to the relevant parts of the image of	Children answer research questions on the Lord's prayer, focussing on the good	Children have hexagons with all the vocabulary on and images of	Children carry out research to share a short presentation about how Islamic Relief helps to change the world,

	new land, children add a thought bubble and write in role as Abram to share his thoughts about what he was asked to do and the covenant that God made with him.	Christians about how to act.	Ganesh (an elephant headed deity).	news Christians believe Jesus brings.	Shabbat, Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, and Passover. Children place each hexagon next to another that logically links to it. They should justify each link that they make.	support the poor and live out the Muslim teaching of charitable giving.
Critical Knowledge and Understanding Make sense of belief Understand the impact Make connections	Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant. Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony. Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world.	Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus. Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'. Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus' actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian. Give examples of how Christians try to show love for all, including how Christian leaders try to follow Jesus' teaching in different ways. Make links between the	Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh, Diwali) and what Hindus believe about God Offer informed suggestions about what Hindu murtis express about God Make simple links between beliefs about God and how Hindus live (e.g. choosing a deity and worshiping at a home shrine; celebrating Diwali). Identify some different ways in which Hindus worship	the events of Pentecost in Acts 2 might mean.	people and how Jews live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom	Identify some beliefs about why the world is not always a good place (e.g. Christian ideas of sin). Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place. Make simple links between teachings about how to live and ways in which people try to make the world a better place (e.g. tikkun olam and the charity Tzedek). Describe some examples of how people try to live (e.g. individuals and

	the Bible stories studied and life in the world today, giving a good reason for their ideas.	Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good to think about the cycle of create/preserve/destroy in the world today Make links between the Hindu idea of everyone having a 'spark' of God in them and ideas about the value of people in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.	the Holy Spirit in worship. Make links between ideas about the kingdom of God in the Bible and what people believe about following God today, giving good reasons for their ideas.	Describe how Jews show their beliefs through worship in festivals, both at home and in wider communities. Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to remember the past and look forward to the future. Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas.	Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action. Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better Make links between some commands for living from religious traditions, non-religious worldviews and pupils' own ideas Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied, giving good reasons for their views.
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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Question						
RE Unit	U2.2 CREATION/FALL: Creation and science, conflicting or complimentary?	U2.3 INCARNATION: Why do Christians believe that Jesus was the Messiah?	U2.7 Why do Hindus want to be good?	U2.5 SALVATION: What do Christians believe Jesus did to 'save' people?	U2.8 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	U2.11 Why do some people believe in God and some do not? U2.12 How does faith help people when life gets hard?
Builds On	LKS1 CREATION/ FALL: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	KS1 INCARNATION: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	LKS2 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	LKS2 SALVATION: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?	LKS2 How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?	LKS2 PEOPLE OF GOD: What is it like for someone to follow God?
Lesson Sequence	 What can we find out about the creation story in Genesis 1? What might many Christians see as important in Genesis 1? What relationships do scientists have with religious worldviews? How and why do some Christians see both science and religion as 	 What was going on that meant the People of God needed a saviour? What kind of rescuer/Messiah were people expecting? Why do Christians believe Jesus fulfils the expectations of the Messiah? Why do most Christians believe Jesus is the Messiah? 	 Who or what is Brahman? What is atman? What can be learned about atman through a Hindu story? What is samsara? Why is atman important? What else is important? How might dharma affect the way someone lives their life? 	 Why do Christians believe Jesus was resurrected? How do many churches mark Good Friday and Easter Sunday? What is the change in emotions felt for many Christians from Good Friday to Easter Sunday? Why is this felt? When and why might a Christian 	 How many Muslims and how many mosques are there in Britain? How might the five pillars affect the lives of Muslims in Britain today? Why is Zakah/charity important to Muslims? How is charity important to you? Why do Muslims go on pilgrimage? 	 Belief in God: what patterns can we see in our local area, our country and our world? What do we mean by agnostic, atheist or theist? How can psychology help us understand what people mean when they think about the idea of God?

	important? 5. What are some different Christian views about the relationship between science and religion? Science and religion: conflicting or complementary? Show what you know	 How does Christmas fit in with Christian beliefs about Jesus? Why do Christians believe that Jesus was the Messiah?Show what you know 	 What is ahimsa and how does it affect the lives of Hindu people? Why do Hindus want to be good? Show what you know lesson 	 have to stand up for their beliefs? 5. Why do Christians have hope even when someone dies? What difference does the resurrection make to Christians? Show what you know 	 Why do Muslims go on pilgrimage? What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?Show what you know 	 from theology about the idea of God? 5. Why do some people believe that God does not exist? 6. Why do some people believe in God and some people not? Where do I stand?
Vocabulary	science genesis big bang theory complementary creation literal creator conflicting interpretation theory	Messiah incarnation saviour Immanuel Micah theological prophecy Gospel prophet Isaiah	ahimsa atman Brahman deity Dharma duty karma moksha reincarnation samsara	salvation resurrection interpret sacrifice biblical theological gospel eternal life incarnation funeral	Muslim Ibadah submission Ramadan Shahadah Salah Sawm Zakah Hajj pilgrimage	theist atheist psychology evidence psychologist agnostic Humanist philosophy reason theologian
Possible Composite	Debate - Science and religion: conflicting or complementary?	Pupils create their own advertising campaign, expressing the Christian meaning of Christmas, including the idea of Messiah and incarnation.	In groups, write a paragraph to explain why Hindus want to be good using the terms samsara, dharma, karma, atman, Brahman and moksha at least once as well as talking about actions	Children design a card that Christian might send using a verse or their own words to share the Chrisitan message of salvation and life after death.	Children create a travel guide for pilgrims going on the Hajj for the first time.	Children produce a short oral presentation to give to a group of Year 3 pupils. They present reasons why people might not believe in God today and how humanists would see

			that a Hindu believer would take and why.			the world using evidence and reason.
Critical Knowledge and Understanding Make sense of belief Understand the impact Make connections	Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose. Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations. Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator. Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together. Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis 1 and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying	Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible. Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms. Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms. Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas. Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible. Weigh up how far the idea of Jesus as the 'Messiah' – a Saviour from God – is	Identify and explain Hindu beliefs, e.g. dharma, karma, samsara, moksha, using technical terms accurately Give meanings for the story of the man in the well and explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs about samsara, moksha, etc. Make clear connections between Hindu beliefs about dharma, karma, samsara and moksha and ways in which Hindus live Connect the four Hindu aims of life and the four stages of life with beliefs about dharma, karma, moksha, etc. Give evidence and examples to show how Hindus put their beliefs into practice in	Outline the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it. Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice. Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways. Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today. Articulate their own	Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message. Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet. Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art). Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways. Make connections between Muslim	Describe at least three examples of ways in which religions guide people in how to respond to good and hard times in life. Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions, comparing and explaining similarities and differences. Make clear connections between what people believe about God and how they respond to challenges in life (e.g. suffering, bereavement). Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection/ judgement/heaven/kar ma/reincarnation make a difference to how someone lives.
	their responses.	important in the world today and, if it is true,	different ways	of sacrifice, recognising	beliefs studied and	Interpret a range of artistic expressions of

	Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account, giving good reasons for their views.	what difference that might make in people's lives, giving good reasons for their answers.	Make connections between Hindu beliefs studied (e.g. karma and dharma), and explain how and why they are important to Hindus Reflect on and articulate what impact belief in karma and dharma might have on individuals and the world, recognising different points of view.	different points of view.	Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today. Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims. Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.	explaining different ways of understanding these. Offer a reasoned response to the unit
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Upper KS2 Year B							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Торіс							
Question							
RE Unit	U2.1 GOD: What does it	U2.4 GOSPEL: How do	PEOPLE OF GOD: How	KINGDOM OF GOD:	Why is the Torah so	What matters most to	
	mean if God is Holy and	Christians decide how to	can following God bring	What kind of King is	important to Jewish	Humanists and	
	loving?	live? (what would Jesus	freedom and justice?	Jesus?	people?	Christians? (Unit 36)	
		do?)					

Builds On	LKS2 INCARNATION/ GOD: What is the 'trinity' and why is it important for Christians?	LKS2 GOSPEL: What kind of world did Jesus want?	LKS2 PEOPLE OF GOD: What is it like for someone to follow God?	LKS2 KINGDOM OF GOD: When Jesus left what was the impact of Pentecost?	Jewish people?	LKS2 How and why do people try to make the world a better place?
Lesson Sequence	 What words do pupils connect to the idea of 'God'? What words do Christians connect to their idea of God? What does the Bible say God is like? How can ideas of God be expressed in art? How do some Christians respond to a holy and loving God? How do churches and cathedrals reflect Christian ideas about God? What does it mean if God is Holy and loving? Show what you know lesson 	find out about what Jesus did? 2. Why do Christians think it is wise to follow Jesus' teachings?	 What can we learn about the story of the Exodus in the Bible? Where do we think the Exodus story shows Moses' trust in God? How might the Exodus story help Christians when life gets tough? What do we think about the importance of the Ten Commandments? How do many Christians try to bring freedom and justice (themes from the Exodus story) into today's world? What can we say about the Exodus story, its themes and its importance for Christians 	 In Jesus' parables, who is invited into God's kingdom? According to Jesus' teachings, how important is forgiveness in God's kingdom? How does Christian Aid try to make the world more like God's kingdom? How do Christians see God's kingdom as being now and in the future? For Christians, what are the features of God's kingdom and Jesus' kingship? How do Christians try to live in God's kingdom?Show what you know 	 What do Jewish people look like, and where do we find Jewish people in the UK? What is the Torah? What is a Sefer Torah? Why are there different types of synagogue in the UK? How does the Torah influence what Jewish people might eat? How are Jewish people adapting festivals in the UK? Why is the Torah important to Jewish people?Show what you know 	 1.What matters most to Humanists and to Christians? Rules: do we need them? Who breaks them? 2.Who is a Humanist? What codes for living do non-religious people use? 7. Who is a Humanist? What codes for living do non-religious people use? 8. What values matter most to Christians? How does it show? How can our different values be discussed? 9. How do Humanists and Christians know how to act? What do they base their decisions on? 10. What matters most to Humanists and to Christians?

			today?Show what you know			Show what you know
Vocabulary	believer eternal holy Isaiah John Ioving omnipotent omnipresent omniscient testament	Gospel theology Luke Matthew Mark interpretation leprosy Christ-like parables commandments	People of God Children of Israel freedom justice Moses exodus slavery Egypt Pharoah rescue	parable kingdom salvation forgiving unforgiving banquet biblical inheritance social unjust	Torah Sefer Torah orthodox secular Pesach (Passover) synagogue kosher progressive Kashrut	Humanist nonreligious belief moral golden rule Humanism worldview Christian values authority
Possible Composite	Through church visit, explore ways in which building reflects the Christian ideas of God recalled in the unit's key vocabulary and texts. For example, stained glass tells stories; the font points to God's loving welcome and forgiveness; the altar talks of sacrifice; confessionals talk of forgiveness; the cross shape and all crosses/crucifixes talk of God's love through Jesus. Children sketch areas of	Children write a postcard of thanks to the Leprosy Mission charity linking their thanks and thoughts to the topic's focus on asking 'what would Jesus do?' and living in a Christlike way.	Children create a poster advertising the work of Christian Aid, explaining how it tries to live out the commandment of loving your neighbour as yourself and strives to bring freedom and justice to all.	Children list at least three characteristics of Jesus' kingship, from their learning so far.	Use some hexagons with all the key vocabulary written in and also other words such as kashrut, Miriam, Pesach and others. Children explain how these all link back to Torah?	Children use their knowledge of the fruits of the spirit and the philosopher Peter Singer to write about what a humanist might do in the situation and what a Christian might do in given scenarios.

	the church and label them with the key words.					
Critical Knowledge and Understandi ng Make sense of belief Understand the impact Make connections	Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately. Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms. Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how cathedrals are designed. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship. Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own.	Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative). Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their own ideas with ways in which Christians interpret biblical texts. Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives. Make connections between Christian teachings (e.g. about peace, forgiveness, healing) and the issues, problems and opportunities in the world today, including their own lives. Articulate their own responses to the issues	Explain connections between the story of Moses and the concepts of freedom and salvation, using theological terms. Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about being the People of God and how they should behave. Explain ways in which some Christians put their beliefs into practice by trying to bring freedom to others. Identify ideas about freedom and justice arising from their study of Bible texts and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses.	Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the kingdom of God. Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations. Make clear connections between belief in the kingdom of God and how Christians put their beliefs into practice. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways. Relate the Christian 'kingdom of God' model (i.e. loving others, serving the needy) to issues, problems and opportunities in the world today.	Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God. Give examples of some texts that say what God is like and explain how Jewish people interpret them. Make clear connections between Jewish beliefs about the Torah and how they use and treat it. Make clear connections between Jewish beliefs about the Torah and how they use and treat it. Make clear connections between Jewish commandments and how Jews live (e.g. in relation to kosher laws). Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their beliefs into practice in different ways (e.g. some differences between Orthodox and	Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist). Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and Humanists saying people can be 'good without God'). Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live. Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view. Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their

	studied, recognising different points of view.		Articulate their own responses to the idea of the importance of love and service in the world today.	Make connections between Jewish beliefs studied and explain how and why they are important to Jewish people today. Consider and weigh up	beliefs into practice in different ways (e.g. some differences between orthodox and progressive Jewish practice). Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good. Make connections between the values studied and their own lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views.
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